Mid autum festival china 2021

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Mid autumn festival china 2021. What is mid autumn festival in china. Mid autumn festival 2021 china holiday. Mid autumn festival 2021 china public holiday.

has been 3,000 years old. On the night, people set a table with mooncakes and other sacrifices towards the moon, make wishes, offer incense and kowtow to the moon. Afterwards, the families will share the sacrifices.Ã ÂEnjoy family reunion dinnerDuring the festival, all families try their best to go home and enjoy a big feast. In addition to mooncakes, other popular dishes for the reunion dinner include osmanthus cake, osmanthus wine, crab, duck, taro, and pumpkin.Ã ÂMake and Hang Festival LanternsThis is an activity popular in Guangdong and Hong Kong areas, favored especially by kids. In other places of China, people also set Kongming lanterns to make best wishes.Ã ÂOther traditions to celebrate the Mid-Autumn Festival include fire dragon dance popular in Hong Kong, playing Lord Rabbit in Beijing, and watching Qiantang River Tide in Hangzhou, etc. Page 2 HOME > NEWS > CORPORATE NEWS Back to list Dear Valued Customers:Kinglumi office and factory will be closed due to the national and moon cake holiday from October 1 to October 8, 2020. During the holiday, all production, delivery and sales services will halt. However, you can still contact usÃ Âvia Email, cell phone or SNS.Ã ÂOur team will always stay online for you. In case of urgency, you can also call us.Ã ÂOur delivery will stop on September 30, 2020. Order can be arranged after the holiday.Stay well and stay safe in the special time. We wish you a pleasant October.Kinglumi Co., Ltd.Marketing TeamSeptember 16, 2020Tags: Chinese National Holiday, Moon Cake Festival, Chinese Lighting Factory ¦Ã·Ã±Â¥ÂÂ³Â§Â½ÂÂ§Â«ÂÂ¥Ã»ÃºÃ¨Ã®Ã¾Â The Mid-Autumn Festival is one of the most important holidays in China and is recognized and celebrated by ethnic Chinese around the world. The festival is held on the 15th day of the eighth month of the Chinese lunisolar calendar (the night of the full moon between early September and October). What is China's Mid-Autumn Festival? Mid-Autumn Festival is a day for and family to meet, offer thanks to the autumn harvest and pray for longevity and good fortune. This holiday falls on the day of a full moon, making the roofs a great place to spend the night. It is said that the mid- fall festival moon is traditionally brighter and fuller than at any other time of the year. The members of the CLI family celebrate together the Mid Autumn Festival. The story of the storytelling of the mid- fall festival is an essential part of Chinese culture and many traditional holidays have stories and fables associated with them. As expected, the mid- fall festival is no different. An abbreviated version of the story used to explain the origins of this important feast is the following: a long time ago, nine sunshine shone in the sky of the earth. Our planet, too hot and too dry, was simply not conducive to human life. Fortunately for the human race, a brave warrior named Houyi who was extremely skillful with an arch and Arrow arose. He was summoned by the emperor and

gave him a magic bow. With this bow he could shoot eight of the nine suns in the sky, saving the world and all its people. As a reward, the king gave the brave warrior a special elixir who, after drinking, would send him to heaven for all eternity. A beautiful end in fact, but the heart of this brave warrior belonged to one of the most just women on earth, Chang'e. He chose to stay on earth with his lover, but he still graciously accepted the elixir as a sign of gratitude. It wasn't until, in a stroke of pure evil, Arch Nemesis tried to steal the elixir and drink it for himself. As the warrior was not at home, his lover stayed to protect the elixir from this evil evil. When he saw no other choice, his lover drank the potion and began to floatJesus Christ. The brave warrior hit his enemy quickly, but it was too late to grab his lover as slowly levitated to the moon. She has been on the moon ever since and will be there until the end of time. It is with this sadness that Chinese people look at the moon on the Mid-Autumn Festival remembering all their loved ones that they are separated from throughout the year. The Mid-Autumn Festival has its origins in the story of a mythical warrior and his beloved Chang'e. Mid-Autumn Festival quick facts Curious about the history and modern practice of the Mid-Autumn Festival? Read on for ¤Ã¸ÂÂ§Â§ÂÂ¨ÃÂÂ (ZhÃÂngqiÃ«Â jiÃ©Â) quick facts. Origin The holiday originated more than 3,000 years ago during the Shang dynasty but only gained widespread popularity 1,500 years later when emperors in the Tang dynasty began holding formal celebrations in their palaces. Etymology The English term ¢ÃÂÃMid-Autumn¢ÃÂÂ directly translates from the Chinese holiday name ¤Ã¸ÂÂ§Â§ÂÂ¨ÃÂÂ (ZhÃÂngqiÃ«Â jiÃ©Â) which literally means ¢ÃÂÂmiddle autumn festival.¢ÃÂÂ See our article on Chinese stroke order to learn more about how Chinese characters are written. Moon worship In Chinese mythology, Houyi's lover Chang'e is said to be the goddess of the moon. After drinking the elixir of immortality, she will continue to live on the moon for all eternity accompanied by her faithful companion the moon rabbit. During the Mid-Autumn festival, it was once customary to set up alters and burn incense to worship her. In Chinese culture, the moon is also associated with fertility. The full moon was traditionally said to represent a pregnant woman. Thus, worshipping the moon on the night of the Mid-Autumn Festival, when it was said to be at its brightest and fullest, was a popular activity among women in ancient China. Admiring the beauty of the moon plays a central part in Mid-Autumn festival celebrations. Mooncakes! The most famous food during the Mid-Autumn Festival is the mooncake. Mooncakes are round cakes that are usually about the size of hockey pucks, although their flavor and style can differ depending on what part of China you are in. There are almost too many flavors of mooncakes to try during the short-lived Mid-Autumn Festival. Ranging from salty and savory meat filled mooncakes to sweet nut and fruit filled mooncakes, you are bound to find a flavor that suits your pallet. Chinese people traditionally exchange boxes of mooncakes as gifts during ¤Ã¸ÂÂ§Â§ÂÂ¨ÃÂÂ (ZhÃÂngqiÃ«Â jiÃ©Â). Modern celebration The Mid-Autumn Festival is celebrated with many cultural and regional variations. Outside of China, it is also celebrated in a variety of Asian countries including Japan and Vietnam. Generally, it is a day for friends and family to gather, eat mooncakes, and enjoy the full moon. Many groups of ethnic Chinese also light different types of lanterns, symbols of fertility, to decorate and serve as a guide for spirits in the afterlife. White rabbits, which represent the moon rabbit, legendary companion of Chang'e, are commonly associated with Mid-Autumn Festival. Other names In addition to "Mid-Autumn Festival," this important holiday is also known as: Moon Festival Harvest Moon Festival Mooncake Festival Reunion Festival ¤Ã¸ÂÂ§Â§ÂÂ¨ÃÂÂ (ZhÃÂngqiÃ«Â jiÃ©Â) The Mid-Autumn Festival is a time to gather with family and friends and give thanks for a bountiful harvest. CLI celebrates Mid-Autumn Festival! ¤Ã¸ÂÂ§Â§ÂÂ¨ÃÂÂ (ZhÃÂngqiÃ«Â jiÃ©Â) is a time for friends and family to gather and celebrate the coming harvest season. As such, each year CLI organizes a variety of activities for our community. On the rooftop under the full moon Each ¤Ã¸ÂÂ§Â§ÂÂ¨ÃÂÂ (ZhÃÂngqiÃ«Â jiÃ©Â), the Chinese Language Institute (CLI) hosts a Mid-Autumn Festival party on the rooftop of the CLI Center, overlooking the beautiful scenery of Guilin. CLI¢ÃÂÂs students and teachers, as well as Chinese students from our university partner, Guangxi Normal University, share a wonderful, fun-packed evening of games, food and music. The evening starts out a briefing given by one of the CLI professors. We know the history of vacations and their ancient traditions. After some trivia games to see how well everyone paid attention, our team and students are well known and ready to start the celebration. After having our fresh fruit filling, moon pancakes, Chinese tea and other delicious treats, the celebration can go to a great pool game. Unchecked by linguistic barriers and cultural differences, everyone is able to enjoy the game, learn some Chinese languages, and discover a little more about the skills and personalities that act with each other. Do not be surprised if you see the traditional Chinese lanterns floating in the sky at a distance, slowly sowing up. In Mid-Autumn Festival, the lanterns are used to write their wishes and prayers and send them to heaven to be answered. How the CLI team celebrated Mid-Autumn Festival 2021 In addition to our annual roof party, autumn vacations are also an opportunity for CLI team members to celebrate vacations together. This month of September, CLI professors and staff traveled to a guest house in a picturesque rural area outside Guilin. There, they enjoyed an outdoor barbecue and marveled at an impressive landscape, including giant fields of pink ornamental herbs and blue flowers flanked by the iconic peaks of Guilin. Although it's just one of the many holidays in China, the Mid-Autumn Festival is really one that can't be lost. Happy Mid-Autumn Festival! Chinese vocabulary and words for the Mid-Autumn Festival ËPiPiPinyinEnglish 中文 appleZhōngqiūjiéMid-Autumn Festival 中文 Next! Zhōngqiū kuàilè! Happy Mid-Autumn Festival! 中文 中文 中國 Zehōngqiū jiājiéthe gemous Mid-Autumn Festival Zhù n Sleep hé n Invi de n ÃD n ÃD nmutuA-diM ed lavitseF zilef nu ailimaf us y detsu euq oeseD ¨Ãli Ãuk «ÃiqgnÃhZ YLPMS SAWâ"â€Ã¢yrd otâ€¢Tentalp Ruo .yks s'htrae eht thgirb enohs snuzalb enin ,Oga emit gnol yrev a :swollof sa seog yadiloh tnatropmi siht fost shut nitropxe shut desu yrots eht fo noisrev detaiverbba nA .tnereffid on si lavitseF nmutuA-diM eht ,ylgnisirprusnU .meht htiw detaicossa selbaf dna seirots evah syadiloh lanoitidart ynam dna erutluc esenihC fo trap laitnesse na si gnilletyrotS lavitseF nmutuA-diM eht fo yrots ehT .rehtegot lavitseF nmutuA- diM eht etarbelec ylimaf ILC eht fo srebmeM .raey fo emit rehto yna ta naht relluf dna rethgirb eb ot dias yllanoitidart si noom lavitseF nmutuA-diM ehT .gnineve eht dneps ot ecalp taerg a spotfoor gnikam ,noom lluf a fo yad eht no sllaf yadiloh sihT .enutrof doog dna ytivegnol rof yarp dna ,tsevrah llaf eht ot sknaht reffo ,rehtegot rehtag ot ylimaf dna sdneirf rof yad a si lavitseF nmutuA-diM ?lavitseF nmutuA-diM s'anihC si tahW .)rebotcO dna rebmetpeS ylrae neewteb noom lluf Eht fo thgin eht(Radnelac ralosinul Esenihc eht fo ht fo htnom hthgie eht fo Yad ht51 eht no dleh si lavitsef eht .dlrow eht dnuora esenihc cinhc cinhte yb detarbelec dna detarbelec dna detarbelec you dna nmutu-didim eht2 hahaap)ylimap eehw2 hahaaw2 ãfuynâ¡Ãfut Â ã„©ãfÃâ†â€œÃ¥â¶â®Ã¥âˆâ Ã¥âˆâ Ã¥âˆâ Ã¥âˆâ Ã¥âˆâ¨ãfuyâ1⁄4âˆâ maake llom llufã¨ãfuynâžã‡mâˆâÑâˆâ€œÃâ»Ã¦ Noooomgnailã¨Ãfuyâ®â designâ® â€OVesefã©Ãfijâ Ã„ijâ,Ã šã¨â3â3â3ã¤ Yadiloh ;Lavitsefã¬Ãfrâ©Ãfijâ—Ã¦â€,âšã¨ ylimaf ylimaf sezisahpme taht lavitsef nmutua-dim rof eman rehtonaâ©Ãfijnâ¡Ãfuynâ¡Â hour ,âšÃ¨â†â†â†â€œltâ€¢â›Ã¥)HTnom Ranul HT8 Eht fo Yad HT51(Lavitsef Nmutua-Dim Roof Eman Rehtonaâ©Ãfijã¨ãfuyâ Ã„bâ,Âšã¨¨ â^âŒÃ¦â«â«â...Ã¥ .Tof Lufscuscus A Dna Ssenppah ylimaf Ruoy DNA UOY GNIRB NOM EHT !lavitsef nmutua-dim yppabahnâãminâ¡Ãfuy Â¬ãfhs Nâ¡Ãfuy Nâ©Ãfr Nâ¡Ãfuy¨ãfuy ,ã¨ãfliâ â©ãfijâ Â«ã...iqgnâ ã...iqgnâ ã...iqgnâ ã...hz Âoãfhzââ ¡â»Â¦â†â†â€œibleÃ¤â†â†â€œltâoâoâ†â†â†â